

## Quarterly Commentary – 31<sup>st</sup> March 2026

UK & EU – For professional and institutional investors only

Switzerland – this is an advertising document for professional and institutional clients as defined by the Swiss Financial Services Act only

Markets entered 2026 in a position of strength, but also of complacency. The dominant narrative; fiscal expansion, resilient growth and eventual monetary easing, had already been fully priced in. Valuations were elevated, risk premia compressed, and positioning increasingly one-sided.

This starting point matters. Beneath the surface, the cycle was already maturing; growth momentum was softening, policy transmission remained somewhat muted by higher long-end yields, and much of the anticipated support was already priced rather than prospective. Markets were not early-cycle; they were priced as if the cycle had no end.

Into this, we have introduced a genuine exogenous shock.

The escalation involving Iran is not another transient geopolitical flare-up. It is a disruption to the global energy system, and in the current regime, oil is the transmission mechanism through which everything else flows. What we are observing is not a standard repricing of demand, but a break in market structure. The extreme dislocation in energy time spreads is the clearest signal of that; this is a front-end supply shock, not a growth story.

However, it does create a fundamental tension at the heart of the growth outlook.

The pre-existing narrative assumes growth will be sustained by fiscal impulse, with a meaningful contribution from AI-driven capex and its eventual return profile. The reality is that a supply-driven energy shock acts as a tax on that growth. The transmission is mechanical: higher energy costs tighten financial conditions, compress real incomes and weaken demand, even as they push inflation higher.

This matters because, as we have written previously, the growth that is priced is doing more work than it should. It is not just fiscal, it is increasingly reliant on the successful monetisation of a large and still unproven AI investment cycle. Those returns are uncertain and likely back-end loaded. In other words, the growth embedded in markets is not a given; it is conditional.

For policymakers, this is the mirror image of the 2021 “transitory” error. Then, inflation was dismissed as supply-driven and temporary, when in reality it was being fuelled by excess demand. Today, inflation is genuinely supply-driven, yet the risk is that it is treated as something to be countered through tighter policy. Tightening into it would simply accelerate the slowdown.

Positioning and valuations remain anchored to a benign baseline in which growth persists and inflation normalises. What is not priced is the cost of sustaining that growth in a world where energy supply is uncertain, policy flexibility is constrained, and second-order effects are still to come.

The key dynamic for Q1 is therefore not the conflict in isolation, but its interaction with an already fully priced macro environment. Markets are being forced to reconcile two incompatible realities: a late-cycle economy priced for continuation, and a supply shock that historically marks the opposite.

The Absolute Return Fund returned 4.9% over the period.

| Total Return  | 2026          | Q1            |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| UK 100        | 3.4%          | 3.4%          |
| US 500        | -4.4%         | -4.4%         |
| Europe 50     | -3.6%         | -3.6%         |
| Japan 225     | 2.0%          | 2.0%          |
| Hong Kong 50  | -3.0%         | -3.0%         |
| US 2000       | 0.9%          | 0.9%          |
| Swiss 30      | -2.4%         | -2.4%         |
| Global Equity | -3.6%         | -3.6%         |
| Global Bond   | -0.1%         | -0.1%         |
| Commodities   | 23.3%         | 23.3%         |
| <b>PGF</b>    | <b>-2.5%</b>  | <b>-2.5%</b>  |
| <b>AGF</b>    | <b>-3.4%</b>  | <b>-3.4%</b>  |
| <b>DGF</b>    | <b>-8.3%</b>  | <b>-8.3%</b>  |
| <b>USI</b>    | <b>-4.6%</b>  | <b>-4.6%</b>  |
| <b>ARF</b>    | <b>4.9%</b>   | <b>4.9%</b>   |
| <b>CARF</b>   | <b>-17.8%</b> | <b>-17.8%</b> |
| <b>LAF</b>    | <b>7.3%</b>   | <b>7.3%</b>   |

## Quarterly Commentary – 31<sup>st</sup> March 2026

UK & EU – For professional and institutional investors only

Switzerland – this is an advertising document for professional and institutional clients as defined by the Swiss Financial Services Act only

The Fund is constructed in line with our core framework:

### **Expected Return = Income + Beta + Diversifier**

- Income is generated through the collateral and funding book
- Structural beta is maintained at ~30% net long equities
- Diversifiers are delivered through USD exposure and non-growth style factors (quality, value, momentum and size)

The equity long/short sleeve remains the core driver of returns, implemented as a systematic, factor-tilted long book against a short in the MSCI World. Over the quarter, this performed strongly, with the long leg returning +1.1% versus -3.6% for the MSCI World, demonstrating the benefit of factor selection within a declining market.

Factor decomposition highlights that returns were primarily driven by exposure to momentum and value, with additional contribution from quality and size. This reflects the intended positioning of the strategy: diversified across non-growth factors that are less reliant on continued multiple expansion and more resilient in periods of tightening financial conditions or factor rotation.

Importantly, USD exposure behaved as intended. During March, as equity beta came under pressure, dollar strength provided a meaningful offset, helping to dampen overall portfolio sensitivity. This remains a key component of the strategy's diversifier toolkit, particularly in environments characterised by risk aversion and liquidity tightening.

As a result, while the Fund maintains a modest structural beta and may participate in benign “Goldilocks” conditions, its return profile is not solely dependent on growth-led equity markets. Instead, performance is driven by a combination of factor premia and currency exposure, both of which have historically provided resilience during periods of regime shift.

### **Outlook**

The key questions for the strategy remain to some extent the path of equity returns but, critically, the leadership within them.

The past decade has been defined by a narrow and persistent dominance of large-cap growth, creating a structurally challenging backdrop for systematic exposures to value, quality, momentum and size. That concentration remains extreme today, with a small subset of stocks continuing to drive a disproportionate share of index-level returns.

However, the current macro environment introduces a potential inflection point. The emergence of a supply-driven energy shock into a late-cycle system creates conditions under which factor leadership can broaden. Higher rates, tighter financial conditions and increased macro volatility have historically been associated with periods of factor rotation away from growth and towards more diversified leadership.

The experience of the past quarter is instructive. Despite relatively contained equity index moves, the underlying factor exposures and USD positioning behaved as intended, with the long book outperforming the parent index and the dollar providing a meaningful offset during periods of stress. This reinforces the role of the strategy as a diversifier which is designed to like the regime that markets find themselves in most often historically.

Looking forward, outcomes are likely to be path-dependent. If equity beta continues to deliver positive returns, the Fund will participate through its structural exposure. However, in an environment where leadership broadens or rotates away from growth, the factor tilts embedded in the long book are likely to become increasingly additive.

Equally, should markets move into a more challenging regime, whether driven by tighter policy, weaker growth or further exogenous shocks, the combination of USD exposure and diversified factor premia provides a source of resilience that is not reliant on continued multiple expansion in a narrow set of stocks.

In that context, the Fund remains well positioned. It is designed to benefit from a wider range of equity outcomes; participating in benign environments, but with the potential to outperform materially in periods of factor rotation or market stress, where traditional beta-heavy allocations are more vulnerable.

## Quarterly Commentary – 31<sup>st</sup> March 2026

UK & EU – For professional and institutional investors only

Switzerland – this is an advertising document for professional and institutional clients as defined by the Swiss Financial Services Act only

- This document has been issued and approved as a financial promotion by Fortem Capital Limited for the purpose of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Acts 2000. Fortem Capital Limited registration number 10042702 is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority under firm reference number 755370.
- This document is intended for Professional Investors, Institutional Clients and Advisors and should not be communicated to any other person.
- The information has been prepared solely for information purposes only and is not an offer or solicitation of an offer to buy or sell the product.
- Data is sourced from Fortem Capital Limited and external sources. The data is as at the date of this document and has been reviewed by Fortem Capital Limited.
- Information, including prices, analytical data and opinions contained within this document are believed to be correct, accurate and derived from reliable sources as at the date of the document. However, no representation or warranty, expressed or implied is made as to the correctness, accuracy or validity of such information.
- Fortem Capital Limited assumes no responsibility or

liability for any errors, omissions or inaccuracy with respect to the information contained within this document.

- All price and analytical data included in this document is intended for indicative purposes only and is as at the date of the document.
- The information within this document does not take into account the specific investment objective or financial situation of any person. Investors should refer to the final documentation and any prospectus to ascertain all of the risks and terms associated with these securities and seek independent advice, where necessary, before making any decision to buy or sell.
- The product may not be offered, sold, transferred or delivered directly or indirectly in the United States to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. Person.
- The Fortem Capital Progressive Growth Fund is a Sub-Fund of Skyline, an open-ended investment company with variable capital incorporated on 1 June 2010 with limited liability under the laws of Ireland with segregated liability between Funds. The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank of Ireland pursuant to the UCITS Regulations.

"NOTICE TO INVESTORS DOMICILED OR RESIDENT IN SWITZERLAND - The interests in the UCITS Fund and any related services, information and opinions described or referenced in this document are not, and may not be, offered or marketed to or directed at persons in Switzerland (a) that do not meet the definition of "qualified investor" pursuant to the Swiss Federal Act on Collective Investment Schemes of 23 June 2006 ("CISA") ("Non-Qualified Investors"), or (b) that are high net worth individuals (including private investment structures established for such high-net worth individuals if they do not have professional treasury operations) that have opted out of customer protection under the Swiss Federal Financial Services Act of 15 June 2018 ("FinSA") and that have elected to be treated as "professional clients" and "qualified investors" under the FinSA and the CISA, respectively ("Elective Qualified Investors").

In particular, none of the information provided in this document should be construed as an offer in Switzerland for the purchase or sale of the interests or any related services, nor as advertising in Switzerland for the interests

or any related services, to or directed at Non-Qualified Investors or Elective Qualified Investors. Circulating or otherwise providing access to this document or offering, advertising or selling the interests or any related services to Non-Qualified Investors or Elective Qualified Investors may trigger, in particular, approval requirements and other regulatory requirements in Switzerland.

This document does not constitute a prospectus pursuant to Articles 35 et seqq. FinSA and may not fulfil the information standards established thereunder. No key information document pursuant to Swiss law has been established for the interests. The interests will not be listed or admitted to trading on a Swiss trading venue and, consequently, the information presented in this document may not fulfil the information standards set out in the relevant trading venue rules."